Lab - Configure IPv6 Addresses on Network Devices (Instructor Version)

**Instructor Note**: Red font color or gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

# Topology



# Addressing Table

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Device | Interface | IPv6 Address | Prefix Length | Default Gateway |
| R1 | G0/0/0 | 2001:db8:acad:a::1 | 64 | N/A |
| R1 | G0/0/1 | 2001:db8:acad:1::1 | 64 | N/A |
| S1 | VLAN 1 | 2001:db8:acad:1::b | 64 | N/A |
| PC-A | NIC | 2001:db8:acad:1::3 | 64 | fe80::1 |
| PC-B | NIC | 2001:db8:acad:a::3 | 64 | fe80::1 |

# Objectives

Part 1: Set Up Topology and Configure Basic Router and Switch Settings

Part 2: Configure IPv6 Addresses Manually

Part 3: Verify End-to-End Connectivity

# Background / Scenario

In this lab, you will configure hosts and device interfaces with IPv6 addresses. You will issue **show** commands to view IPv6 unicast addresses. You will also verify end-to-end connectivity using **ping** and **traceroute** commands.

**Note**: The routers used with CCNA hands-on labs are Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 (universalk9 image). The switches used in the labs are Cisco Catalyst 2960s with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2) (lanbasek9 image). Other routers, switches, and Cisco IOS versions can be used. Depending on the model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and the output produced might vary from what is shown in the labs. Refer to the Router Interface Summary Table at the end of the lab for the correct interface identifiers.

**Note**: Make sure that the routers and switches have been erased and have no startup configurations. If you are unsure, contact your instructor.

**Instructor Note**: Refer to the Instructor Lab Manual for the procedures to initialize and reload devices.

**Note**: The default 2960 Switch Database Manager (SDM) template does not support IPv6. It may be necessary to issue the command **sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 default** to enable IPv6 addressing before applying an IPv6 address to the VLAN 1 SVI.

**Note**: The **default bias** template used by the Switch Database Manager (SDM) does not provide IPv6 address capabilities. Verify that SDM is using either the **dual-ipv4-and-ipv6** template or the **lanbase-routing** template. The new template will be used after reboot.

S1# **show sdm prefer**

Follow these steps to assign the dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 template as the default SDM template:

S1# **configure terminal**

S1(config)# **sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 default**

S1(config)# **end**

S1# **reload**

# Required Resources

* 1 Router (Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 universal image or comparable)
* 1 Switch (Cisco 2960 with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2) lanbasek9 image or comparable)
* 2 PCs (Windows with terminal emulation program, such as Tera Term)
* Console cables to configure the Cisco IOS devices via the console ports
* Ethernet cables as shown in the topology

**Note**: The Gigabit Ethernet interfaces on Cisco 4221 routers are autosensing and an Ethernet straight-through cable may be used between the router and PC-B. If using another model Cisco router, it may be necessary to use an Ethernet crossover cable.

# Instructions

## Cable the Network and Configure Basic Router and Switch Settings

After cabling the network, initializing and reloading the router and switch, complete the following:

### Configure the router.

Assign the hostname and configure basic device settings.

### Configure the switch.

Assign the hostname and configure basic device settings.

## Configure IPv6 Addresses Manually

### Assign the IPv6 addresses to Ethernet interfaces on R1.

* + - 1. Assign the IPv6 global unicast addresses, listed in the Addressing Table, to both Ethernet interfaces on R1.

Open configuration window

R1(config)# interface g0/0/0

R1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:a::1/64

R1(config-if)# no shutdown

R1(config-if)# interface g0/0/1

R1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1::1/64

R1(config-if)# no shutdown

R1(config-if)# end

**Instructor Note**: The IPv6 global prefix 2001:db8::/32 is a reserved prefix for use in documentation, as described in RFC 3849.

* + - 1. Verify that the correct IPv6 unicast address is assigned to each interface.

R1# show ipv6 interface brief

Em0/0 [administratively down/down]

unassigned

GigabitEthernet0/0/0 [up/up]

FE80::D68C:B5FF:FECE:A0C0

2001:DB8:ACAD:A::1

GigabitEthernet0/0/1 [up/up]

FE80::D68C:B5FF:FECE:A0C1

2001:DB8:ACAD:1::1

<output omitted>

**Note**: The link-local address (fe80::) displayed is based on EUI-64 addressing, which automatically uses the interface Media Access Control (MAC) address to create a 128-bit IPv6 link-local address.

* + - 1. To get the link-local address to match the global unicast address on the interface, manually enter the link-local addresses on each of the Ethernet interfaces on R1.

R1# config t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

R1(config)# interface g0/0/0

R1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::1 link-local

R1(config-if)# interface g0/0/1

R1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::1 link-local

R1(config-if)# end

**Note**: Each router interface belongs to a separate network. Packets with a link-local address never leave the local network; therefore, you can use the same link-local address on both interfaces.

* + - 1. Use a command of your choice to verify that the link-local address has been changed to **fe80::1.**

R1# show ipv6 interface g0/0/0

GigabitEthernet0/0/0 is up, line protocol is up

IPv6 is enabled, link-local address is FE80::1

No Virtual link-local address(es):

Global unicast address(es):

2001:DB8:ACAD:A::1, subnet is 2001:DB8:ACAD:A::/64

Joined group address(es):

FF02::1

FF02::1:FF00:1

MTU is 1500 bytes

<output omitted>

Close configuration window

#### Question:

Which two multicast groups have been assigned to interface G0/0/0?

Type your answers here.

The all-nodes multicast group (FF02::1) and the Solicited Nodes multicast group (ff02::1:ff00:1).

### Enable IPv6 routing on R1.

* + - 1. On a PC-B command prompt, enter the **ipconfig** command to examine IPv6 address information assigned to the PC interface.

#### Question:

Has an IPv6 unicast address been assigned to the network interface card (NIC) on PC-B?

Type your answers here.

No

* + - 1. Enable IPv6 routing on R1 using the **IPv6 unicast-routing** command.

Open configuration window

R1 # configure terminal

R1(config)# ipv6 unicast-routing

R1(config)# exit

* + - 1. Use a command to verify the new multicast group are assigned to interface G0/0/0. Notice that the all-router multicast group (ff02::2) now appears for interface G0/0/0.

**Note**: This will allow the PCs to obtain their IP address and default gateway information automatically using Stateless Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC).

R1# show ipv6 interface g0/0/0

GigabitEthernet0/0/0 is up, line protocol is up

IPv6 is enabled, link-local address is FE80::1

No Virtual link-local address(es):

Global unicast address(es):

2001:DB8:ACAD:A::1, subnet is 2001:DB8:ACAD:A::/64 [EUI]

Joined group address(es):

FF02::1

FF02::2

FF02::1:FF00:1

MTU is 1500 bytes

<partial output omitted>

Hosts use stateless autoconfig for addresses.

* + - 1. Now that R1 is part of the all-router multicast group FF02::2, re-issue the **ipconfig** command on PC-B and examine the IPv6 address information.

#### Question:

Why did PC-B receive the Global Routing Prefix and Subnet ID that you configured on R1?

Type your answers here.

On R1 all IPv6 interfaces are now part of the All-router multicast group, FF02::2. This allows it to send Router Advertisement (RA) messages with the Global Network Address and Subnet ID information to all nodes on the LAN. Notice that R1 also sent the link-local address, fe80::1, as the Default Gateway. The PCs will receive their IPv6 addresses and default gateway via SLAAC as long as the advertised prefix length is 64 bits .

### Assign IPv6 addresses to the management interface (SVI) on S1.

* + - 1. Assign the IPv6 address for S1. Also assign a link-local address for this interface.

S1(config)# interface vlan 1

S1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1::b/64

S1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::b link-local

S1(config-if)# end

* + - 1. Use a command of your choice to verify that the IPv6 addresses are properly assigned to the management interface.

S1# show ipv6 interface vlan1

Vlan1 is up, line protocol is up

IPv6 is enabled, link-local address is FE80::B

No Virtual link-local address(es):

Global unicast address(es):

2001:DB8:ACAD:1::B, subnet is 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::/64

Joined group address(es):

FF02::1

FF02::1:FF00:B

MTU is 1500 bytes

ICMP error messages limited to one every 100 milliseconds

ICMP redirects are enabled

ICMP unreachables are sent

Output features: Check hwidb

ND DAD is enabled, number of DAD attempts: 1

ND reachable time is 30000 milliseconds (using 30000)

ND NS retransmit interval is 1000 milliseconds

Close configuration window

### Assign static IPv6 addresses to the PCs.

* + - 1. Open the Ethernet Propertieswindow on for each PC and assign IPv6 addressing.
      2. Verify both PCs have the correct IPv6 address information. Each PC should have two Global IPv6 addresses: one static and one SLACC

## Verify End-to-End Connectivity

From PC-A,ping **fe80::1**. This is the link-local address assigned to G0/0/1 on R1.

Ping the S1 management interface from PC-A.

Use the **tracert** command on PC-A to verify that you have end-to-end connectivity to PC-B.

From PC-B, ping PC-A.

From PC-B, ping the link-local address for G0/0/0 on R1.

**Note**: If end-to-end connectivity is not established, troubleshoot your IPv6 address assignments to verify that you entered the addresses correctly on all devices.

# Reflection Questions

* 1. Why can the same link-local address, fe80::1, be assigned to both Ethernet interfaces on R1?

Type your answers here.

Link-local packets never leave the local network, so the same link-local address can be used on an interface associated to a different local network.

* 1. What is the Subnet ID of the IPv6 unicast address 2001:db8:acad::aaaa:1234/64?

Type your answers here.

0 (zero) or 0000 (zeros). The fourth hextet is the Subnet ID of an IPv6 address with a prefix of /64. In the example, the fourth hextet contains all zeros and the IPv6 Omitting All 0 Segment rule is using the double colon to depict the Subnet ID and the first two hextets of the Interface ID. This is why the subnet of the Global unicast address of 2001:acad::aaaa:1234/64 is 2001:db8:acad::/64

# Router Interface Summary Table

| Router Model | Ethernet Interface #1 | Ethernet Interface #2 | Serial Interface #1 | Serial Interface #2 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1800 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 1900 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 2801 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0) | Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1) |
| 2811 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 2900 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 4221 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1) | Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0) | Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1) |
| 4300 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1) | Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0) | Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1) |

**Note**: To find out how the router is configured, look at the interfaces to identify the type of router and how many interfaces the router has. There is no way to effectively list all the combinations of configurations for each router class. This table includes identifiers for the possible combinations of Ethernet and Serial interfaces in the device. The table does not include any other type of interface, even though a specific router may contain one. An example of this might be an ISDN BRI interface. The string in parenthesis is the legal abbreviation that can be used in Cisco IOS commands to represent the interface.

End of document

1. Device Configs
2. Router R1 (After part 1 of this lab)

R1# **show run**

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1443 bytes

!

version 15.2

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

!

hostname R1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

!

enable secret 4 06YFDUHH61wAE/kLkDq9BGho1QM5EnRtoyr8cHAUg.2

!

no aaa new-model

memory-size iomem 15

!

no ip domain lookup

ip cef

no ipv6 cef

multilink bundle-name authenticated

!

!

interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0

no ip address

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0

no ip address

shutdown

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1

no ip address

shutdown

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface Serial0/0/0

no ip address

shutdown

clock rate 2000000

!

interface Serial0/0/1

no ip address

shutdown

!

ip forward-protocol nd

!

no ip http server

no ip http secure-server

!

control-plane

!

banner motd ^C

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\* Warning: Unauthorized access is prohibited! \*

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^C

!

line con 0

password 7 01100F175804

login

line aux 0

line 2

no activation-character

no exec

transport preferred none

transport input all

transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh

stopbits 1

line vty 0 4

password 7 104D000A0618

login

transport input all

!

scheduler allocate 20000 1000

!

end

1. Switch S1 (After part 1 of this lab)

S1# **show run**

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1624 bytes

!

version 15.0

no service pad

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

!

hostname S1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 4 06YFDUHH61wAE/kLkDq9BGho1QM5EnRtoyr8cHAUg.2

!

no aaa new-model

system mtu routing 1500

!

!

no ip domain-lookup

!

spanning-tree mode pvst

spanning-tree extend system-id

!

vlan internal allocation policy ascending

!

interface FastEthernet0/1

!

interface FastEthernet0/2

!

interface FastEthernet0/3

!

interface FastEthernet0/4

!

interface FastEthernet0/5

!

interface FastEthernet0/6

!

interface FastEthernet0/7

!

interface FastEthernet0/8

!

interface FastEthernet0/9

!

interface FastEthernet0/10

!

interface FastEthernet0/11

!

interface FastEthernet0/12

!

interface FastEthernet0/13

!

interface FastEthernet0/14

!

interface FastEthernet0/15

!

interface FastEthernet0/16

!

interface FastEthernet0/17

!

interface FastEthernet0/18

!

interface FastEthernet0/19

!

interface FastEthernet0/20

!

interface FastEthernet0/21

!

interface FastEthernet0/22

!

interface FastEthernet0/23

!

interface FastEthernet0/24

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/2

!

interface Vlan1

no ip address

!

ip http server

ip http secure-server

!

banner motd ^C

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\* Warning: Unauthorzed access is prohibited! \*

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^C

!

line con 0

password 7 121A0C041104

login

line vty 0 4

password 7 121A0C041104

login

line vty 5 15

password 7 121A0C041104

login

!

end

1. Router R1 (Final)

R1# **show run**

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1577 bytes

!

version 15.2

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

!

hostname R1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 4 06YFDUHH61wAE/kLkDq9BGho1QM5EnRtoyr8cHAUg.2

!

no aaa new-model

memory-size iomem 15

!

no ip domain lookup

ip cef

ipv6 unicast-routing

ipv6 cef

multilink bundle-name authenticated

!

!

interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0

no ip address

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0

no ip address

duplex auto

speed auto

ipv6 address fe80::1 link-local

ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:a::1/64

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1

no ip address

duplex auto

speed auto

ipv6 address fe80::1 link-local

ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1::1/64

!

interface Serial0/0/0

no ip address

shutdown

clock rate 2000000

!

interface Serial0/0/1

no ip address

shutdown

!

ip forward-protocol nd

!

no ip http server

no ip http secure-server

!

control-plane

!

banner motd ^C

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\* Warning: Unauthorzed access is prohibited! \*

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^C

!

line con 0

password 7 01100F175804

login

line aux 0

line 2

no activation-character

no exec

transport preferred none

transport input all

transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh

stopbits 1

line vty 0 4

password 7 104D000A0618

login

transport input all

!

scheduler allocate 20000 1000

!

end

1. Switch S1 (Final)

S1# **show run**

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1733 bytes

!

!

version 15.0

no service pad

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

!

hostname S1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 4 06YFDUHH61wAE/kLkDq9BGho1QM5EnRtoyr8cHAUg.2

!

no aaa new-model

system mtu routing 1500

!

no ip domain-lookup

!

spanning-tree mode pvst

spanning-tree extend system-id

!

vlan internal allocation policy ascending

!

interface FastEthernet0/1

!

interface FastEthernet0/2

!

interface FastEthernet0/3

!

interface FastEthernet0/4

!

interface FastEthernet0/5

!

interface FastEthernet0/6

!

interface FastEthernet0/7

!

interface FastEthernet0/8

!

interface FastEthernet0/9

!

interface FastEthernet0/10

!

interface FastEthernet0/11

!

interface FastEthernet0/12

!

interface FastEthernet0/13

!

interface FastEthernet0/14

!

interface FastEthernet0/15

!

interface FastEthernet0/16

!

interface FastEthernet0/17

!

interface FastEthernet0/18

!

interface FastEthernet0/19

!

interface FastEthernet0/20

!

interface FastEthernet0/21

!

interface FastEthernet0/22

!

interface FastEthernet0/23

!

interface FastEthernet0/24

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/2

!

interface Vlan1

no ip address

ipv6 address fe80::b link-local

ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1::b/64

!

ip http server

ip http secure-server

!

!

banner motd ^C

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\* Warning: Unauthorzed access is prohibited! \*

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^C

!

line con 0

password 7 121A0C041104

login

line vty 0 4

password 7 121A0C041104

login

line vty 5 15

password 7 121A0C041104

login

!

end